



# Measure and Analyze Heat in your City

# **Fixed station**

Weather stations and lower-cost, individual temperature sensors can measure atmospheric conditions. Networks of fixed stations can be used to understand spatial temperature variation on a larger scale.

# **Mobile traverse**

Ground-level temperature measurement conducted by bicycle, car, or a walking individual can capture spatial variation in temperature.

## **Satellite**

Satellites capture images of the Earth's surface and measure its brightness, which can then be converted to temperature estimates.

## **Aerial sensor**

Temperature data collected via aircraft-borne instruments can offer both a larger geographic coverage than fixed stations and a higher level of resolution than satellites, due to their lower altitude.



Once you've collected the data you can analyze and map your data to better target your policies and actions.

**Identify stakeholders** to engage throughout this process, including:

- Community members
- City government departments
- Universities
- Meteorological agencies

Map daytime and, where possible, nighttime temperatures. If possible, create maps with estimated air temperatures.

